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SO‘X DARYOSI OQIMINING SHAKLLANISHIDA GIDROMETEOROLOGIK OMILLARNING ROLI

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ANNOTATSIYA

Farg`ona viloyatidagi So`x, O`zbekiston, Rishton tumanlarining asosiy suv manbalaridan biri hisoblangan So`x daryosi so`ngi yillardagi global iqlim o`zgarishi davrida gidrologik rejimida o`zgarishlar ko`zga tashlanmoqda, shu bois daryo oqimining shakillanishidagi asosiy omil yog`inlar, harorat, atmosfera sirkulasiyasini yillar davomida o`zgarishini taxlil qilish muhim ahamiyat kasb etmoqda. 2000-2020 yillarda yog`inlar miqdori yildan yilga biroz kamayganligi aniqlandi. Lekin shu yillar oralig`ida iqlimning biroz ko`tarlganligi doryoning boshlanish qismidagi muzliklar maydonining qisqarishi va daryoning sersuvligini vaqtincha ta`minlab turganligi aniqlandi.

Kalit so‘zlar: gidrologik rejim, daryo havzasi, gidrometeorologik sharoit, konussimon yoyilma, harorat, daryo, gidrologik tavsif.

ABSTRACT

In the Fergana region Sokh, Uzbekistan, Rishtan districts is considered one of the main water sources During the global climate change of the Sokh River in recent years, changes in the hydrological regime are observed, Therefore, the main factor in the formation of river flow is the analysis of changes in precipitation, temperature, atmospheric circulation over the years. In 2000-2020, the amount of precipitation decreased slightly from year to year. However, during these years, a slight rise in climate has been observed in the area of glaciers at the headwaters of the river.

Keywords: hydrological regime, river basin, hydrometeorological conditions, conical distribution, temperature, river, hydrological description.